

In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (cancel).

Claim 2 (cancel).

Claim 3 (amended). The compound according to Claim 2 17 wherein the optional substituent on the R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> pyrimidin-4-yl ring is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>.

Claim 4 (amended). The compound according to ~~any of Claims 1 to 3~~ Claim 17 wherein R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted phenyl.

Claim 5 (amended). The compound according to Claim 4 wherein the ~~one or more~~ optional substituents are independently selected from halogen or methoxy.

Claim 6 (cancel).

Claim 7 (amended). The compound according to Claim 4 17 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>, or -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>; and Y<sub>2</sub> is -NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub> or -NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>; and R<sub>4</sub> is an optionally substituted phenyl.

Claim 8 (cancel).

Claim 9 (cancel).

Claim 10 (amended). A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and a compound according to Claim 17 ~~any of Claims 1 to 9~~.

Claim 11 (amended). A method of treating a cytokine mediated disease in an animal in need thereof which method comprises administering to said animal an effective cytokine mediating amount of a compound according to Claim 17 ~~any of Claims 1 to 9~~.

Claim 12 (original). The method according to Claim 11 wherein the cytokine mediated disease is asthma, adult respiratory distress syndrome, stroke, bone reasorption diseases, arthritic joint conditions, and other inflammatory diseases.

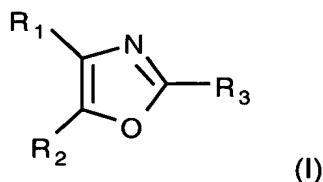
Claim 13 (cancel).

Claim 14 (amended). The method according to ~~any of Claims 11 to 13~~ Claim 11 wherein the mediation of the disease state is by Interleukin-1 (IL-1).

Claim 15 (amended). The method according to ~~any of Claims 11 to 13~~ Claim 11 wherein the mediation of the disease state is by Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF).

Claim 16 (amended). A method of treating inflammation in a mammal in need thereof which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 17 ~~any of Claims 1 to 9~~.

17 (new). A compound of the formula:



wherein:

one of R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted aryl ring and the other of R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted 4-pyrimidinyl;

wherein when one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted aryl ring, the ring is substituted by one or two substituents, each of which is independently selected, and which, for a 4-phenyl, 4-naphth-1-yl or 5-naphth-2-yl substituent, is halo, cyano, C(Z)NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, C(Z)OR<sub>23</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub> COR<sub>36</sub>, SR<sub>5</sub>, SOR<sub>5</sub>, OR<sub>36</sub>, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, ZC(Z)R<sub>36</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>23</sub>, or (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>;

and which, for other positions of substitution, is halo, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-cyano, C(Z)NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>26</sub>, C(Z)OR<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>" COR<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"S(O)mR<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"OR<sub>8</sub>, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)m' R<sub>11</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)m'·NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"ZC(Z)R<sub>8</sub> or (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>26</sub>;

and when one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted 4-pyrimidinyl ring, the ring is substituted by one or two substituents each of which is independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>, or an N-heterocyclyl ring which ring has from 5 to 7 members and optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>22</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is X<sub>C</sub>;

X<sub>C</sub> is hydrogen, -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub> (Y<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>, -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub> -C=C- (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>- C ≡ C(R<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>'-(Y<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>, or halosubstituted C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl;

p is 0 or an integer having a value of 1;

Z is oxygen or sulfur;

n is 0 or an integer having a value of 1 to 10;

n' is an integer having a value of 1 to 10;

m is 0, or the integer 1 or 2;

m' is 1 or 2;

m'' is 0 or an integer having a value of 1 to 5;

Y<sub>1</sub> is independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl, halogen, or -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Y<sub>2</sub>;

Y<sub>2</sub> is halogen, OR<sub>8</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)m'R<sub>11</sub>, SR<sub>8</sub>, S(O)m'NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>,

O(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, C(O)R<sub>8</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CONR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, ZC(O)R<sub>8</sub>,

CN, C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>OR<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)m'R<sub>11</sub>,

N(OR<sub>21</sub>)C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, N(OR<sub>21</sub>)C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, C(=NOR<sub>21</sub>)R<sub>8</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=NR<sub>15</sub>)SR<sub>11</sub>,

NR<sub>10</sub>C(=NR<sub>15</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=CR<sub>14</sub>R<sub>24</sub>)SR<sub>11</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=CR<sub>14</sub>R<sub>24</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>,

NR<sub>10</sub>C(O)C(O)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(O)C(O)OR<sub>10</sub>, C(=NR<sub>13</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, C(=NOR<sub>13</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>,

C(=NR<sub>13</sub>)ZR<sub>11</sub>, OC(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)OR<sub>10</sub>, 5-(R<sub>18</sub>)-1,2,4-

oxadizaol-3-yl or 4-(R<sub>12</sub>)-5-(R<sub>18</sub>R<sub>19</sub>)-4,5-dihydro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl;

R<sub>5</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl or NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, excluding the moieties SR<sub>5</sub> being SNR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub> and SOR<sub>5</sub> being -SOH;

R<sub>6</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl or C<sub>3-5</sub> cycloalkyl;

R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>17</sub> is each independently selected from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or R<sub>7</sub> and R<sub>17</sub> together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>22</sub>;

R<sub>8</sub> is hydrogen, heterocycl, heterocyclalkyl or R<sub>11</sub>;

R<sub>9</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5-7</sub> cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl or R<sub>8</sub> and R<sub>9</sub> may together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>12</sub>;

R<sub>10</sub> and R<sub>20</sub> is each independently selected from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sub>11</sub> is C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5-7</sub> cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl;

R<sub>12</sub> is hydrogen, -C(Z)R<sub>13</sub> or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sub>13</sub> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl;

R14 and R24 is each independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, nitro or cyano;

R15 is hydrogen, cyano, C1-4 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl or aryl;

R16 and R26 is each independently selected from hydrogen or optionally substituted C1-4 alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted aryl-C1-4 alkyl, or together with the nitrogen which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR12;

R18 and R19 is each independently selected from hydrogen, C1-4 alkyl, substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted arylalkyl or together R18 and R19 denote a oxygen or sulfur;

R21 is hydrogen, a pharmaceutically acceptable cation, C1-10 alkyl, C3-7 cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl C1-4 alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocycl, aroyl, or C1-10 alkanoyl;

R22 is R10 or C(Z)-C1-4 alkyl;

R23 is C1-4 alkyl, halo-substituted-C1-4 alkyl, or C3-5 cycloalkyl;

R36 is hydrogen or R23;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

18 (new). The compound according to Claim 1 wherein X<sub>C</sub> is hydrogen.

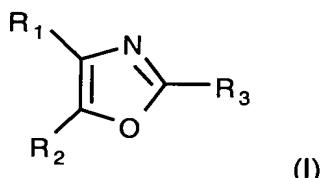
19 (new). The compound according to Claim 7 wherein R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, methyl, amino, or -NR<sub>10</sub>C(O)R<sub>8</sub>.

20 (new). The method according to Claim 11 wherein the cytokine mediated disease is arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatoid spondylitis, osteoarthritis, traumatic arthritis, rubella arthritis, acute synovitis, gouty arthritis and other arthritic conditions, gout, sepsis, septic shock, endotoxic shock, gram negative sepsis, toxic shock syndrome, diabetes, atherosclerosis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, cerebral malaria, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, silicosis, pulmonary sarcoidosis, bone resorption diseases, reperfusion injury, thrombosis, glomerulonephritis, stroke, graft vs. host reaction, allograft rejections, fever and myalgias due to infection, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired immune deficiency syndrome, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, eczema, psoriasis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, ulcerative colitis or pyresis.

21 (new). The compound according to Claim 17 which is 4-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-(2-amino-pyrimidin-4-yl)oxazole; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22 (new). The method according to Claim 11 wherein the compound is 4-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-(2-amino-pyrimidin-4-yl)oxazole; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

23 (new). A compound of the formula:



wherein:

one of R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted aryl ring and the other of R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an

optionally substituted 4-pyrimidinyl;

wherein when one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted aryl ring, the ring is substituted by one or two substituents, each of which is independently selected, and which, for a 4-phenyl, 4-naphth-1-yl or 5-naphth-2-yl substituent, is halo, cyano, C(Z)NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, C(Z)OR<sub>23</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub> COR<sub>36</sub>, SR<sub>5</sub>, SOR<sub>5</sub>, OR<sub>36</sub>, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, ZC(Z)R<sub>36</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>23</sub>, or (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>;

and which, for other positions of substitution, is halo, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-cyano,

C(Z)NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>26</sub>, C(Z)OR<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>" COR<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sub>8</sub>,

(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"OR<sub>8</sub>, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl,

(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)<sub>m</sub>' R<sub>11</sub>,

(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)<sub>m</sub>'-NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, (CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"ZC(Z)R<sub>8</sub> or

(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>m</sub>"NR<sub>16</sub>R<sub>26</sub>;

and when one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted 4-pyrimidinyl ring, the ring is substituted by one or two substituents each of which is independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>, or an N-heterocyclyl ring which ring has from 5 to 7 members and optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>22</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub> is -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub> R<sub>4</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub> is Q-(Y<sub>1</sub>)<sub>t</sub>;

Q is an aryl or heteroaryl group;

t is an integer having a value of 1 to 3;

Z is oxygen or sulfur;

n is 0 or an integer having a value of 1 to 10;

n' is an integer having a value of 1 to 10;

m is 0, or the integer 1 or 2;

m' is 1 or 2;

$m''$  is 0 or an integer having a value of 1 to 5;

$Y_1$  is independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl, halogen, or -(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Y<sub>2</sub>;

$Y_2$  is halogen, OR<sub>8</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, S(O)<sub>m'</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, SR<sub>8</sub>, S(O)<sub>m'</sub>NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, -NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, O(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n'</sub>NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, C(O)R<sub>8</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>(CR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>)<sub>n'</sub>CONR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, ZC(O)R<sub>8</sub>, CN, C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>OR<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)<sub>m'</sub>R<sub>11</sub>, N(OR<sub>21</sub>)C(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, N(OR<sub>21</sub>)C(Z)R<sub>8</sub>, C(=NOR<sub>21</sub>)R<sub>8</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=NR<sub>15</sub>)SR<sub>11</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=NR<sub>15</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=CR<sub>14</sub>R<sub>24</sub>)SR<sub>11</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(=CR<sub>14</sub>R<sub>24</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(O)C(O)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(O)C(O)OR<sub>10</sub>, C(=NR<sub>13</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, C(=NOR<sub>13</sub>)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, C(=NR<sub>13</sub>)ZR<sub>11</sub>, OC(Z)NR<sub>8</sub>R<sub>9</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>, NR<sub>10</sub>C(Z)OR<sub>10</sub>, 5-(R<sub>18</sub>)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl or 4-(R<sub>12</sub>)-5-(R<sub>18</sub>R<sub>19</sub>)-4,5-dihydro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl;

$R_5$  is hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl or NR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, excluding the moieties SR<sub>5</sub> being SNR<sub>7</sub>R<sub>17</sub> and SOR<sub>5</sub> being -SOH;

$R_6$  is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkynyl or C<sub>3-5</sub> cycloalkyl;

$R_7$  and  $R_{17}$  is each independently selected from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or  $R_7$  and  $R_{17}$  together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>22</sub>;

$R_8$  is hydrogen, heterocyclyl, heterocyclylalkyl or R<sub>11</sub>;

$R_9$  is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5-7</sub> cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl or  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  may together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>12</sub>;

$R_{10}$  and  $R_{20}$  is each independently selected from hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

$R_{11}$  is C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>5-7</sub> cycloalkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl;

$R_{12}$  is hydrogen, -C(Z)R<sub>13</sub> or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

$R_{13}$  is hydrogen, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, arylalkyl, heteroaryl or heteroarylalkyl;

$R_{14}$  and  $R_{24}$  is each independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, nitro or cyano;

$R_{15}$  is hydrogen, cyano, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl or aryl;

$R_{16}$  and  $R_{26}$  is each independently selected from hydrogen or optionally substituted C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted aryl-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or together with the nitrogen which they are attached form a heterocyclic ring of 5 to 7 members

which ring optionally contains an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur or NR<sub>12</sub>;

R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub> is each independently selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted arylalkyl or together R<sub>18</sub> and R<sub>19</sub> denote a oxygen or sulfur;

R<sub>21</sub> is hydrogen, a pharmaceutically acceptable cation, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl, aryl C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, heterocyclyl, aroyl, or C<sub>1-10</sub> alkanoyl;

R<sub>22</sub> is R<sub>10</sub> or C(Z)-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sub>23</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo-substituted-C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>3-5</sub> cycloalkyl;

R<sub>36</sub> is hydrogen or R<sub>23</sub>;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

24 (new). The compound according to Claim 23 wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a substituted 4-pyrimidinyl.

25 (new). The compound according to Claim 24 wherein the substituent is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or NR<sub>10</sub>R<sub>20</sub>.

26 (new). The compound according to Claim 23 wherein R<sub>1</sub> or R<sub>2</sub> is an optionally substituted phenyl.

27 (new). The compound according to Claim 26 wherein one or more of the optional substituents are independently selected from halogen or methoxy.

28 (new). The compound according to Claim 23 wherein Q is phenyl.

29 (new). The compound according to Claim 28 wherein the phenyl is substituted by -SR<sub>8</sub> or -S(O)<sub>m</sub>'R<sub>11</sub>.

30 (new). A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent and a compound according to Claim 23.

31 (new). A method of treating the inflammatory component of a cytokine mediated disease in an animal in need thereof which method comprises administering to said animal an effective cytokine mediating amount of a compound according to Claim 23.

32 (new). The method according to Claim 31 wherein the cytokine mediated disease is asthma, adult respiratory distress syndrome, stroke, bone reasorption diseases, arthritic joint conditions, and other inflammatory diseases.

33 (new). The method according to Claim 31 wherein mediation of the cytokine disease is by Interleukin-1 (IL-1).

34 (new). The method according to Claim 31 wherein mediation of the cytokine disease is by Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF).

35 (new). The method according to Claim 31 wherein the cytokine mediated disease is arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, rheumatoid spondylitis, osteoarthritis, traumatic arthritis, rubella arthritis, acute synovitis, gouty arthritis and other arthritic conditions, gout, sepsis, septic shock, endotoxic shock, gram negative sepsis, toxic shock syndrome, diabetes, atherosclerosis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, cerebral malaria, chronic pulmonary inflammatory disease, silicosis, pulmonary sarcoidosis, bone resorption diseases, reperfusion injury, thrombosis, glomerulonephritis, stroke, graft vs. host reaction, allograft rejections, fever and myalgias due to infection, cachexia secondary to infection or malignancy, cachexia secondary to acquired immune deficiency syndrome, keloid formation, scar tissue formation, eczema, psoriasis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, ulcerative colitis or pyretic.

36 (new). A method of treating inflammation in a mammal in need thereof which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound according to Claim 23.